Nabtesco Project

Design of Actuators Based on Ferromagnetic Shape Memory Alloys (FSMA) and its Composites with application to airborne actuators and biomedical devices

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Goals of Nabtesco Actuators Laboratory at University of Washington, Mechanical Engineering:

1. Design a set of new Airborne Actuators based on new design principles such as bioinspired active materials

2. Design compact and high power airborne actuators based on fast-responsive ferromagnetic shape memory alloy (FSMA) and its composite.

3. Develop a set of new applications of FSMA and FSMA composite actuators, such as biomedical fields with example of nanohelix FePd actuators for cancer diagnosis and treatment

4. Educate ME undergraduate and graduate students, and interns from Nabtesco Corp with the above knowledge.



Bald eagle flying patterns, (a) cruising, (b) flapping, (c) slow down [Taya, 2006]



Folding of European weed leaf exhibits large morphing, (a) zoom up of the upper part of the leaf with expanded motor cells, (b)-(e) sequence of expansion





Horned beetle wing folding sequence, from expanded wing (left) to folding (right) [Nomura, 2010].



Emergence process of flying dragon (Anax parthenope Julius) [Kishimoto and Natori, 2006].

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Ferromagnetic Shape Memory Alloy (FSMA): Fast-Response and High Power Active Material

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